

## SARDAR PATEL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



(Government Aided Autonomous Institute) Munshi Nagar, Andheri (W) Mumbai - 400058

**ENDSEM- EXAMINATION FEB2023** 

Program: CIVIL & 4. 5.7-cce (Civil) Levy Duration: 03 Hours Course Code: BS-BTC301

Maximum Points: 100

Course Name: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-III

Semester: III

Attempt any five out of seven questions

Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

QN O.	QUESTION	PO IN TS	СО	BI	PI
QI a)	Obtain Laplace transforms of $f(t) = \sqrt{1 + \sin t}$	06	1	2	2.1.3
QI b)	Find the bilinear transformation which maps $1, i-1$ to $2, i, -2$ respectively. Find the fixed points of the transformation.	06	2	3,5	1.1.1
QI c)	Find for what values of k the set of equations $2x-3y+6z-5t=3$ , $y-4z+t=1$ , $4x-5y+8z-9t=k$ has (i) no solution (ii) infinite number of solutions.	08	3	1	1.1.2
QII a)	Find the eigen values and eigenvectors of the matrix $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$	10	3	2	2.1.4
QII b)	Prove that $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin 2t + \sin 3t}{te^{t}} dt = \frac{3\pi}{4}$ using Laplace transforms	10	1	2	2.3.1
QIII	. Find the bilinear transformation that maps the point $z_1 = -i$ , $z_2 = 0$ , $z_3 = i$ into the points $w_1 = -1$ , $w_2 = i$ , $w_3 = 1$ respectively. Into what curve the $y$ – axis is transformed to this transformation?	10	2	2	1.1.1
) JIII	Solve $y'' + y = t$ Given $y(0) = 1$ $y'(0) = -2$	10	1	4,5	2.1.4



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QIV a)	If $f(z) = u + iv$ is an analytic function of $z = x + iy$ and $u - v = \frac{e^y - \cos x + \sin x}{\cosh y - \cos x}$ , find $f(z)$ subject to the	10	2	3	2.3.1
•					
	condition that $f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \frac{3-i}{2}$				
QIV b)	Evaluate: $\mathcal{E}^{1} \left\{ \frac{s}{(s^{2}+4)(s^{2}+1)} \right\}$ using convolution theorem	10	1	2	1.1.3
QV a)	Evaluate $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{5S^2 + 8S - 1}{(S+3)(S^2 + 1)} \right\}$	10	1	2	1.1.1
QV	Find the characteristic equation of the symmetric matrix	10	3	2	2.3.4
b)	$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and verify that it is satisfied by A and hence				
	obtain $A^{-1}$ . Express $A^6 - 6A^5 + 9A^4 - 2A^3 - 12A^2 + 23A - 9I$ in linear polynomial in A.				
QVI		10	3	3	2.1.3
a)	Find non – singular matrices P and Q such that P A Q is in normal form				
	$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & 5 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$				
	Hence find rank of A.				
QVI b)	Evaluate: L <sup>-1</sup> $\left\{ \frac{s^2 + 2s + 3}{\left(s^2 + 2s + 2\right)\left(s^2 + 2s + 5\right)} \right\}$	10	1	3	1.1.1
QVI I a)	Obtain Laplace transforms of L {sin 2t sin 4t sinh t}	06	1	3	2.1.4
QV1 I·b)	Show that the function e <sup>x</sup> (cos y + i sin y) is an analytic function, find its derivative	06	2	2	1.1.3



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### **ENDSEM- EXAMINATION FEB2023**

QVI Ic)	Test for consistency and solve $x - 2y + 3t = 2$	08	3	3,5	2.1.3
	2x + y + z + t = -4				
	4x - 3y + z + 7t = 8				



### SARDAR PATEL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



(Government Aided Autonomous Institute) Munshi Nagar, Andheri (W) Mumbai = 400058

End Semester Examination 2023 (February)

SIV

Program: B. Tech. Civil Engineering Law III 1/3/Buration: 3 hrs.

Course Name: Basics of Surveying

Course Code: PE-BTC303

Maximum Points: 100

Semester: III

#### Notes:

1 There are TOTAL SEVEN MAIN questions, each of 20 points.

2. QUESTION 1 is COMPULSORY. Solve any FOUR from remaining SIX QUESTIONS.

3. Write answer to each MAIN QUESTION on a new page.

4. Answers to be accompanied with appropriate sketches/facts & figures/table cbart/graph/diagram/flowchart wherever necessary or required.

5. Assume suitable data wherever needed and state it clearly.

Q. No.	Questions	Points	co	BL	PI
1	Answer the following:  1. Enlist and explain the function of each of the instruments / accessories required for plane table surveying. (4)  2. Define the terms: Consecutive coordinates and Independent coordinates. (4)  3. Explain the use of Gale's Traverse table. (2) Draw the Gales traverse table and show all the columns. (2)  4. State the trapezoidal formula and prismoidal formula for volume computation and compare. (4)  5. Describe the temporary adjustments of a theodolite. (4)	20	1,2,3,4	1,2,3	1.1
2.A	Following are the observed magnetic bearings of the traverse legs:    Line   PQ   QR   RS   SP	14	2	3,4,5	1.1 2.1
2.B	Describe in detail with neat sketch the method of plotting contour by taking spot levels in the field.	06	2	1,2,3,4	1.1
3.A	Describe with neat sketch the procedure measure the following angles with theodolite: (5 points each)  i. Deflection angle ii. Interior angle	10	2	1,2,3	1.1
3.В	Explain, with the help of a neat sketch, the working of a digital roller planimeter for determining the area of a plan. (6) State other types of planimeter available in the market. (2) State the accuracy level of a planimeter and on the factors on which it depends. (2)	10	2	1,2,3	5.1



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## End Semester Examination 2023 (February)

4.A	Describe the disadvantage. To ascertain performed fro reduced level (given below. Figure 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	(4) the level m A to I (RL) of 9:	differen 3, and ex 5.75m. Ti vel field b I.S. m	ce between tended the observook. (8) F.S m. 2.375 1.000 0.260 0.905 0.975	reen A to C v	nd B, vhich is	differer bench is corded i	ntial levellin mark (BM) n the level b  Remarks  A  B	g was having	12	1,2,3	3,4,5	1.1 2.1
	Arith.	Ll Check:		1.305			95.75	С					
4.B	Explain with n	eat sketch Contour in Iorizontal	terval equivale	nt	method	s of con	touring.	(4)		08	2	1,2,3,4	1.1
5.A		are as foll 4.00m, 6. area includ d last offs ige ordina zoidal rul son's rule	ows: .35 m, 8.2 .ded betweets by .te rule (2 .le (3) .(3)	5m, 6.00 veen the	)m, 3.3 survėy	0m, 4.85	im, 5.70 ne irregu	m. ilar boundar	y line,	10	1,2,4	3,4,5	1.1 2.1
5. <b>B</b>	Define 'Resect State where the i.	ion'. (2) ese metho desection desection	ds can be by back s by compa	adopted ighting	l: (2)					10	2	1,2,3	1.1
6.A	Following data  Calculate:  a. Consect b. Closing	Line  AB  BC  CD  DE  EA  attive coor error (3) cons to the	to a theory Length (m) 186 164 303 162 240 dinates (5	W.C.   30°25   128°1   171°1   277°2   328°4   5)	B S' Ai 3' Ai 1' Ai 5' Ai 7' Ai ardinates	ABCDE. Included  Included  Ingle B = Ingle C = Ingle D = Ingle E = Ingle A =	A. I angle 82°12' 137°02' 73°46' 128°38' 118°22			15	1,2,3	3,4,5	1.1 2.1



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## End Semester Examination 2023 (February)

6.B	Explain 'Omitted Measurements'.(2) Explain the case of 'Omitted measurements are in one side – length and bearing of a side unknown'. (3)	05	1,3,4	3,4	1.1
7	Explain in brief:  1 Sources of errors and precautions in a compass survey. (4)  2. Types of errors in levelling. (6)  3. Errors in theodolite survey. (6)  4. Plane table testing and adjustment. (4)	20	2,3,4	1,2,3	1.1





# SARDAR PATEL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



(Government Aided Autonomous Institute) Munshi Nagar, Andheri (W) Mumbai – 400058

END SEMESTER EXAMINATION-FEB-2023

Program: Civil Engineering J. V. & Tell Ceivil Duration: 3.00 hrs

Course Code: ES-BTC-304 Maximum Points: 100

Course Name: Building Drawing with CAD Semester: III

#### Notes:

1. Q.1 is compulsory & attempts any four out of remaining six.

2. Illustrate answer with neat sketches wherever required.

3. Make suitable assumptions where necessary and state them clearly.

Q.No.	Questions	Marks	BL	со	PO	PI Code
1.	A) Draw to a suitable scale developed plan for ground floor of G+1 storey bungalow for an Executive Engineer in a site of the data given below.  1. Plot size: 20M x 25M. (FSI: 1.2)  2. Road is on south side parallel to 20 M direction  3. Wind direction is E-SW-W & climatic zone is cold  4. Requirements of Engineer  a. Office room  b. Master bed room  c. Living room  d. Children bed room  e. Kitchen cum dining room  f. Guest bed room  g. Staircase/bath/WC/store/verandah are to be provided  B) Draw line plan of terrace plan for above question	15+05	L4	1-5	1/3/5	1.3.1/5.3.2/ 3.4.1
2	<ul> <li>A. Draw to a suitable scale line plan of first floor for Q.1A.</li> <li>B. State: Built up area, carpet area, super built up area, FSI for Q.1A.</li> </ul>	15+05	L2	1-5	1/5	1.3.1/5.3.2/
3	A. Draw to a suitable scale line plan of public building in a site given below  1. Hostel (30m x 50m) – Roll No. 1-10 & 51-60  2. School (2 guntha land) – Roll No. 11-20 & 61-70  3. Market Building (20 acre) – Roll No.21-30  4. Bank (2500 sq.ft) - Roll No.31-40  5. Auditorium (2000 sq.ft) - Roll No.41-50.	20	L3	2-5	1,2	1.3.1/5.3.2/ 3.4.1
4	<ul> <li>A. Explain the duties &amp; responsibilities of Contractor/Builder &amp; buyer under Real estate regulation act, 2016.</li> <li>B. Explain how Circulation and Prospect is to be maintained in a planning of residential building as per National Building Code.</li> </ul>	10+10	L2	2	1/3	1.3.1/3.1.4



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5	A. Explain Perspective Drawing and its types. B. Explain how to fix a height of building and byelaws for Frontage.  OR A. Draw a sectional elevational plan for Q.1A	10+10	L2/3	2-5	1/3/5	1.3.1/5.3.2 3.4.1
6	<ul><li>A. Draw to a suitable scale Foundation plan for Q.1A.</li><li>B. Draw to a suitable scale site plan for Q.1A.</li></ul>	15+05	L3	1-3	1/3/5	1.3.1/5.3.2 3.4.1
7	<ul><li>A. Draw to a suitable scale Water supply &amp; Drainage plan for Q.1A.</li><li>B. Draw to a suitable scale Electricity&amp; Furniture plan for Q.1A.</li></ul>	10+10	L3	1-3	1/3/5	1.3.1/5.3.2 3.4.1



# SARDAR PATEL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



(Government Aided Autonomous Institute) Munshi Nagar, Andheri (W) Mumbai - 400058 End Semester Examinations: February 2023

(2022-23)

Program: SYC Sem-III

Duration: 3 Hrs.

**Maximum Points: 100** 

Course Code: BS-BTC 305

Course Name: Engineering Geology

#### Notes:

Question No. 1 is compulsory

Solve any four out of remaining 5 questions

Answer to all sub questions should be grouped together.

Figure to right indicates full marks.

Draw labeled diagram whenever necessary

	bmit the answer sheet as per the guidelines by the examination s	Points	CO	BL	PI
Q.la	Write the identifying properties and economic use of the following minerals	10	3	2	1.2.1
(i)	Pyrite				
(ii)	Gypsum				
(iii)	Quartz				1
(iv)	Muscovite				
(v)	Diamond				
Q.1ь	Explain with labelled diagram	10	2,3	2	
(i)	Types of folds				
(ii)	Dip and strike	İ			
(iii)	Angular unconformity	·			
(iv)	Seismic waves				
(v)	Sill and Dyke				<u> </u>
Q.2(a)	Explain theory of plate tectonics with suitable diagram.	10	1	2	1.2.
(b)	What is weathering? Explain Chemical weathering and its engineering	10	2	2	
` 1	consideration.				
O.3(a)	Explain mineralogical and textural classification of igneous rocks	10	3	3	1.2.
(b)	What are the agent of metamorphism? Describe Dynamic	10	3	3	
(-/	metamorphism in detail.		]		
O.4(a)	What are Folds? Explain classification of folds on the basis of position	10	4	3	1.2.
(1)	Plane				
(b)	What are confined and unconfined aquifer? Explain cone of depression	10	6	2	
(0)	ground water.	٠			
Q.5(a)	Describe the geological conditions for site selection of dam and explain	10	5	3	1.2.
<b>Q.</b> 5( <b>w</b> )	how Geological structures create favorable and unfavorable conditions				
	at a dam site?			į	
(h)	Define RQD and Core Recovery, Calculate RQD and Core Recovery	10	4	4	
(0)	from the given data and comment on the suitability of rocks for		'	'	
	foundation purpose. Total run 2m.				

	Sample No.	Length of the core in cms	Nature of the lower end of the core sampl	Sample No.	Length of the core in cms	Nature of the lower end of the core sample	tha,		1 444	
	а	12	N	i	26	N				
	ь	16	N	j	10	N				
	С	11	N	k	17	N			]	
	d	09	M	1	18	N		}		<b>i</b> [
}	е	9	N	m	8	M				
	f	02	N	n	10	N		-		
	g	12	N	0	09	N		İ		
	h	16	N	р	05	N				
Q.6	Write sh	ort notes on a	ny four of the	following-			20	3,4,6,7	2	1.2.1
(i)	Types ar	nd causes of la	ındslide				-	İ	•	
(ii)	Aquifer									
(iii)	Normal	fault								
(iv)	Products	s of volcano						ļ		
(v)	i i	f earthquake					1	1		
(vi)	Pedestal	Rock						{	l	

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## Sardar Patel College of Engineering

(A Government Aided Autonomous Institute) Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai – 400058

End Semester Examinations March 2023

Program: Civil

Civil Engineering

S. 4. (C) Sem []

Duration: 3hr

Course Code: PC-BTC306

Maximum Points:100

Course Name: Fluid Mechanics

Semester: III

Instructions

- 1. Question No. 1 is compulsory; attempt any 4 questions out of remaining 6 questions.
- 2. Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3. Assume Suitable data if necessary and state it clearly.

Q. No.	Questions	Points	со	BL	PI
1a	A space between two square flat parallel plate is filled with oil.	6	CO1	BL3	2.3.1
	Each side of the plate is 720 mm. The thickness of upper plate which moves at 3 m/s requires a force speed. Determine:  (i) The dynamic viscosity of the oil  (ii) The kinematic viscosity of the oil, if G=0.95				
1b	Prove that equipotential lines are orthogonal to stream lines at all points of intersection.	5	CO1	BL1	1.3.1
1c	Discuss laminar boundary layer, turbulent boundary layer and laminar sub-layer	6	CO3	BL3	1.2.1
1d	Compare venturimeter & orifice meter	3	CO1	BL3	1.2.1
2a	A differential manometer is connected at the two points A and B as shown in figure below.	6	CO1	BL3	1.3.1
	OIL OF Sp. gr.=0.9 X  MERCURY Sp. gr. = 13				

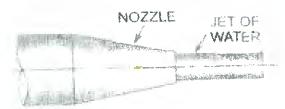
State and explain Newton's law of viscosity and derive the equation for the same   2c   Derive Euler's equation of motion along   8   CO1   BL2   1.2.1					1.0							
The velocity vector in a fluid flow is given 8 CO3 BL2 1.2.1    V = 4x^2i - 10x^2yj + 2tk	2b	State and explain Newton's law of viscosity and derive the equation for the same	. 6	CO1	BL2	1.2.1						
V = $4x^3i - 10x^2yj + 2tk$   Find the velocity and acceleration of a particle at (2,1,3) at time t=1     3b	2c	i diction of motion along	8	CO1	BL2	1.2.1						
Find the velocity and acceleration of a particle at (2,1,3) at time t=1  3b Explain in detail classification of fluids.  3c Write short note on Pitot tube.  4a CO2 BL1 1.2.1  The velocity component in a 2-D flow field for an incompressible fluid is expressed as follows $u = \frac{y^3}{3} + 2x - x^2y,  v = xy^2 - 2y - \frac{x^3}{3}$ Check whether the velocity potential exists or not? If exists obtain an expression for velocity potential exists or not? If exists obtain an expression for velocity potential $\Phi$ .  4b Find the total pressure and position of center of pressure on a triangular plate.  Base 2m and height 3m which is immersed in water in such a way that the plane of the plate makes an angle of 60 degrees with the free surface of the water. The base of the plate is parallel to the water surface and at a depth of 2.5 m from water surface.  Define coefficient of discharge, coefficient of velocity and coefficient of contraction and derive relation between them  A solid cylinder having specific gravity G= 0.7 having diameter 1m and height as 1m floats in fresh water with its axis vertical. Determine the metacentric height and state the condition of its equilibrium.  5b Discuss Reynold's number and critical Reynold's 5 CO1 BL2 1.2.1 number.  Discuss Reynold's number and critical Reynold's 5 CO1 BL2 1.3.1  Prove that pressure gradient in the direction of flow is equal to the shear gradient in the direction of flow is equal to the shear gradient in the direction 1 and section 2 respectively. The rate of flow through pipe is 35 lit/sec. The section 1 is 6m above datum and section 2 is 4m above the datum, If the pressure at section 1 is 39.24N/cm² find intensity of pressure at section 2.  Discuss the variation of viscosity with the temperature.	3a	The velocity vector in a fluid flow is given	<del> </del>	COS	DIO	1 2 1						
Find the velocity and acceleration of a particle at (2,1,3) at time t=1    3b   Explain in detail classification of fluids.   8   CO2   BL4   2.4.1     3c   Write short note on Pitot tube.   4   CO2   BL1   1.2.1     4a   The velocity component in a 2-D flow field for an incompressible fluid is expressed as follows   8   CO2   BL4   1.4.1     4a		$V = 4x^3i - 10x^2vi + 2tk$	0	CO3	DLZ	1.2.1						
3c   Write short note on Pitot tube.   4   CO2   BL1   1.2.1.     The velocity component in a 2-D flow field for an incompressible fluid is expressed as follows   8   CO2   BL4   1.4.1			2,1,3) at 1	time t=	L							
3cWrite short note on Pitot tube.4CO2BL11.2.14aThe velocity component in a 2-D flow field for an incompressible fluid is expressed as follows8CO2BL41.4.1 $u = \frac{y^3}{3} + 2x - x^2y$ , $v = xy^2 - 2y - \frac{x^3}{3}$ Check whether the velocity potential exists or not? If exists obtain an expression for velocity potential $\Phi$ .4bFind the total pressure and position of center of pressure on a triangular plate.7CO1BL3Base 2m and height 3m which is immersed in water in such a way that the plane of the plate makes an angle of 60 degrees with the free surface of the water. The base of the plate is parallel to the water surface and at a depth of 2.5 m from water surface.2.5 m from water surface.Define coefficient of discharge, coefficient of velocity and coefficient of contraction and derive relation between them5CO2BL21.2.1A solid cylinder having specific gravity G= 0.7 having diameter 1m and height as 1m floats in fresh water with its axis vertical. Determine the metacentric height and state the condition of its equilibrium.7CO1BL31.4.15bDiscuss Reynold's number and critical Reynold's number.5CO1BL21.2.1colscuss the methods of preventing the separation of boundary layer.8CO3BL21.3.16aProve that pressure gradient in the direction of flow is equal to the shear gradient in the direction of flow is equal to the shear gradient in the direction of flow is equal to the direction of flow.8CO1BL21.3.16bThe water is flowing through the pipe.8CO2 </td <td>3b</td> <td>Explain in detail classification of fluids.</td> <td>8</td> <td>CO2</td> <td>BL4</td> <td>2.4.1</td>	3b	Explain in detail classification of fluids.	8	CO2	BL4	2.4.1						
The velocity component in a 2-D flow field for an incompressible fluid is expressed as follows $u = \frac{y^3}{3} + 2x - x^2y,  v = xy^2 - 2y - \frac{x^3}{3}$ Check whether the velocity potential exists or not? If exists obtain an expression for velocity potential $\Phi$ .  4b Find the total pressure and position of center of pressure on a triangular plate.  Base 2m and height 3m which is immersed in water in such a way that the plane of the plate makes an angle of 60 degrees with the free surface of the water. The base of the plate is parallel to the water surface and at a depth of 2.5 m from water surface.  Define coefficient of discharge, coefficient of velocity and coefficient of contraction and derive relation between them  A solid cylinder having specific gravity G= 0.7 having diameter 1m and height as 1m floats in fresh water with its axis vertical. Determine the metacentric height and state the condition of its equilibrium.  5b Discuss Reynold's number and critical Reynold's number.  Discuss Reynold's number and critical Reynold's number.  Col BL2 1.2.1  Discuss Reynold's number and critical Reynold's number.  8 CO3 BL2 1.3.1  Prove that pressure gradient in the direction of flow is equal to the shear gradient in the direction of flow is equal to the shear gradient in the direction 2 is 4m above the datum, if the pressure at section 1 is 6m above datum and section 2 is 4m above the datum, if the pressure at section 1 is 39.24N/cm², find intensity of pressure at section 2.  Discuss the variation of viscosity with the temperature.	3c	Write short note on Pitot tube.	4									
u = y³/3 + 2x - x²y, v = xy² - 2y - x³/3         Check whether the velocity potential exists or not? If exists obtain an expression for velocity potential Φ.         4b       Find the total pressure and position of center of pressure on a triangular plate.       7 CO1 BL3         Base 2m and height 3m which is immersed in water in such a way that the plane of the plate makes an angle of 60 degrees with the free surface of the water. The base of the plate is parallel to the water surface and at a depth of 2.5 m from water surface.         Define coefficient of discharge, coefficient of velocity and coefficient of contraction and derive relation between them       5 CO2 BL2 1.2.1         A solid cylinder having specific gravity G= 0.7 having diameter 1m and height as 1m floats in fresh water with its axis vertical. Determine the metacentric height and state the condition of its equilibrium.       7 CO1 BL3 1.4.1         5b       Discuss Reynold's number and critical Reynold's number.       5 CO1 BL2 1.2.1         Discuss the methods of preventing the separation of boundary layer.       8 CO3 BL2 1.3.1         Frove that pressure gradient in the direction of flow is equal to the shear gradient in the direction 8 CO1 BL2 1.3.1       1.3.1         Frow the water is flowing through the pipe.       8 CO2 BL3 1.4.1         Having diameter 20 cm and 10 cm at section 1 and section 2 respectively. The rate of flow through pipe is 35 lit/sec. The section 1 is 6m above datum and section 2 is 4m above the datum, If the pressure at section 1 is 39.24N/cm², find intensity of pressure at section 2.          Discuss	4a	The velocity component in a 2-D flow field for an incompressible fluid is expressed as follows	8									
Base 2m and height 3m which is immersed in water in such a way that the plane of the plate makes an angle of 60 degrees with the free surface of the water. The base of the plate is parallel to the water surface and at a depth of 2.5 m from water surface.  Define coefficient of discharge, coefficient of velocity and coefficient of contraction and derive relation between them  A solid cylinder having specific gravity G= 0.7 having diameter 1m and height as 1m floats in fresh water with its axis vertical. Determine the metacentric height and state the condition of its equilibrium.  Discuss Reynold's number and critical Reynold's number.  Discuss the methods of preventing the separation of boundary layer.  8 CO3 BL2 1.3.1  Prove that pressure gradient in the direction of flow is equal to the shear gradient in the direction and section 2 respectively. The rate of flow through pipe is 35 lit/sec. The section 1 is 6m above datum and section 2 is 4m above the datum, If the pressure at section 1 is 39.24N/cm², find intensity of pressure at section 2.  Discuss the variation of viscosity with the temperature		Check whether the velocity potential exists or not? If exists obtain an										
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velocity and coefficient of contraction and derive relation between them  A solid cylinder having specific gravity G= 0.7 having diameter 1m and height as 1m floats in fresh water with its axis vertical. Determine the metacentric height and state the condition of its equilibrium.  Discuss Reynold's number and critical Reynold's number.  Discuss the methods of preventing the separation of boundary layer.  Prove that pressure gradient in the direction of flow is equal to the shear gradient in the direction flow is equal to the direction of flow.  Prove that pressure gradient in the direction and to the direction of flow is equal to the direction of flow.  The water is flowing through the pipe.  B CO2 BL3 1.4.1  Having diameter 20 cm and 10 cm at section 1 and section 2 respectively. The rate of flow through pipe is 35 lit/sec. The section 1 is 6m above datum and section 2 is 4m above the datum, If the pressure at section 1 is 39.24N/cm², find intensity of pressure at section 2.  Discuss the variation of viscosity with the temperature		Base 2m and height 3m which is immersed in water in such a way that the plane of the plate makes an angle of 60 degrees with the free surface of the water. The base of the plate is parallel to the water surface and at a depth of										
having diameter 1m and height as 1m floats in fresh water with its axis vertical. Determine the metacentric height and state the condition of its equilibrium.  5b Discuss Reynold's number and critical Reynold's number.  Discuss the methods of preventing the separation of boundary layer.  5c of boundary layer.  Frove that pressure gradient in the direction of flow is equal to the shear gradient in the direction and to the direction of flow.  6b The water is flowing through the pipe.  6c Discuss the methods of preventing the separation and section 2 respectively. The rate of flow through pipe is 35 lit/sec. The section 1 is 6m above datum and section 2 is 4m above the datum, If the pressure at section 1 is 39.24N/cm², find intensity of pressure at section 2.  Discuss the variation of viscosity with the temperature	4c	velocity and coefficient of contraction and derive	5	CO2	BL2	1.2.1						
Discuss the methods of preventing the separation of boundary layer.  Prove that pressure gradient in the direction of flow is equal to the shear gradient in the direction 8 CO1 BL2 1.3.1 normal to the direction of flow.  The water is flowing through the pipe.  Having diameter 20 cm and 10 cm at section 1 and section 2 respectively. The rate of flow through pipe is 35 lit/sec. The section 1 is 6m above datum and section 2 is 4m above the datum, If the pressure at section 1 is 39.24N/cm², find intensity of pressure at section 2.  Discuss the variation of viscosity with the	5a	having diameter 1m and height as 1m floats in fresh water with its axis vertical. Determine the metacentric height and state the condition of its	7	CO1	BL3	1.4.1						
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Having diameter 20 cm and 10 cm at section 1 and section 2 respectively. The rate of flow through pipe is 35 lit/sec. The section 1 is 6m above datum and section 2 is 4m above the datum, If the pressure at section 1 is 39.24N/cm <sup>2</sup> , find intensity of pressure at section 2.  Discuss the variation of viscosity with the	6b	The water is flowing through the pipe.	8	CO2	BL3	1.4.1						
temperatura		Having diameter 20 cm and 10 cm at section 1 and rate of flow through pipe is 35 lit/sec. The section section 2 is 4m above the datum, If the pressure find intensity of pressure at section 2.	n 1 is 6n	above	datur	n and						
	6с	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4	CO1	BL2	2.1.2						

	Discuss the characteristics of turbulent flow.	6	CO1	BL2	2.1.2
7b	Discuss with diagram stream tube, stream line and streak line.	6	CO1	BL2	2.1.2
7c	A 25 mm diameter nozzle discharges 0.76 m3 of water/minute when the head is 60m.	8	CO2	BL3	1.4.1

The diameter of the jet is 22.5 mm. Determine

(i) The values of C<sub>C</sub>, C<sub>d</sub> and C<sub>v</sub>

(ii) The loss of head due to fluid resistance.





## SARDAR PATEL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING



(Government Aided Autonomous Institute) Munshi Nagar, Andheri (W) Mumbai - 400058

## SY-CIVIL, END SEMESTER EXAMINATION MARCH 2023

Program: B.Tech. Civil Engineering

S. 4. S. Tulk (Civy Duration: Three hours

Lun II Maximum Points: 100

Course Code: PC-BTC307

Semester: III

Course Name: Building Materials and Construction

#### Instructions:

1. Attempt any five out of seven Questions

2. Draw neat diagrams wherever required

3. Assume suitable data if necessary and state them clearly.

Q. No.	Questions	Points	СО	BL	PI
1					
8	What are the qualities of good Timber?	08	1	1	2.3.2
b	Draw neat sketch of Arch; label various components and discuss their functions.	07	1	2	1.3.1
c	Differentiate between Hydraulic and Non-hydraulic lime	05	3	2	2.3.1
2.					
a	Explain the process of natural seasoning of Timber.	08	2	1	1.3.1
b	What are the properties of aggregates to be tested to find their suitability in construction?	07	3	3	2.3.2
c	State the importance of Alkali silica reaction?	05	2	1	1.2.1
3					
a	Why dressing of stone is required? Explain any four types of dressing with neat sketches.	10	2	2	1.2.1
b	What are the constituents of paint, explain in brief?	06	1	1	1.3.1
c	Explain in brief about any sustainable construction materials you have learned with their applications.	04	1	3	1.2.1
4					
8	What are the good qualities of clay burnt bricks?	08	1	1	2.3.2
b	What are the different types of materials used for the construction of partition wall?	<b>1</b>	1	1	1.3.1
c	Draw neat sketch of dead shore and explain different components.	08	4	2	2.3.1
5	What are the requirement of good foundation? Highlight	08	2	1	1.2.1
a	the importance of geotechnical investigation.				1
b.	What is underpinning? Explain any one method in detail with its suitability.	07	4	2	2.3.1
c.	Explain advantages of AsCu treatment.	05	2	2	1.3.1



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## SY-CIVIL, END SEMESTER EXAMINATION MARCH 2023

6 a. b.	State the advantages and disadvantages of Cavity wall.  Differentiate between Plastering and Pointing  Explain different types of formwork used in construction.	08 04 08	2 2 3	2 2 1	2.3.1 1.2.1 1.1.2
<b>c.</b> 7	Write short Notes on (Any four)	05	T <sub>1</sub>	2	1.3.1
a b	Causes of dampness Safé bearing capacity	05 05	1	1	1.3.1
c	Preservation of Stone	05 05	2	2 2	1.3.1
d e	Block board and laminates Types of defects in bricks	05	2	2	1.3.1
C	Discussion try Consist mortars	05	2	2	1.3.1